



Act 5.3 - Questionnaire

In order to highlight the required information/experiences in the field of PPP, we propose the following questionnaire to be filled up by Adrifort Partnership.

<p><i>Is there a law that regulates PPP in your country? (if there is an English version available, please send it)</i></p>	<p>At the end of year 2006 the Republic of Slovenia introduced the law on Public Private Partnerships (Public-Private Partnership Act). This law became fully operable in the middle of 2007 when all the necessary bylaws were adopted. An English version of the Act can be found in the attachment.</p>
<p><i>As far as you are informed, is the law functional?</i></p>	<p>This law is the basis of several PPP investment projects that have been carried out, although implementation of PPP projects is relatively a novelty in Slovenia. Recent years have shown an increase in PPPs, especially infrastructure projects and other investments in public interest.</p>
<p><i>Is there a specific public body supervising / responsible for the PPP?</i></p>	<p>Ministry of Finance of the Slovenian Government, Public Property Management, Beethovnova 11, 1000 Ljubljana, Slovenia</p>
<p><i>Are you familiar with PPP best practice examples in the field of cultural heritage in your country?</i></p>	<p>According to our experience and available sources, we are not familiar with any implementation of PPP project in the field of cultural heritage.</p>
<p><i>Are local public authorities in your territory involved in PPP projects? (Are these projects heritage-related?)</i></p>	<p>To date, PPPs have been most notably utilized in the delivery of infrastructure services and other investment projects in public interest. For heritage buildings, however, the potential of PPPs has not yet been fully exploited.</p>
<p><i>Briefly summarize your experience in PPP projects focus on:</i></p>	
<p><i>- purpose of the PPP project</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ to provide additional investment capital, ➤ to pull private financial sources, ➤ to provide alternative management and implementation skills, ➤ to provide value added to the consumer and the public at large, ➤ to provide better identification of needs and optimal use of resources.

<p><i>-The reasons encouraging/discussion implementation of PPP schemes</i></p>	<p>The key benefits of public-private partnerships can be identified as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ more value for money, ➤ using the knowledge and experience of the private sector, ➤ faster project implementation, ➤ reduced burden on public budgets.
<p><i>- Advantages / disadvantages detected</i></p>	<p>Advantages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ mobilisation of private funds, ➤ risk-sharing between public and private parties, ➤ learning by doing (flexibility), ➤ transparency in the bidding process. <p>Disadvantages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ private partners following only private interest, ➤ limited number of private investors: investor should be business oriented and competent, well-reputed and financially strong (absence of foreign investors in Slovenia due to market limitations and political risks), ➤ long-lasting, sometimes complicated procedures, ➤ lack of public sector knowledge, experience and skills in all phases of PPP project cycle, ➤ limited knowledge and experience of consulting companies, ➤ projects not adequately prepared, ➤ costs overrun.
<p><i>- Type of private partner involved</i></p>	<p>none in Piran, in general in Slovenian PPP construction companies are most usual partners</p>
<p><i>- Type of agreement with the private sector (PPP scheme) adopted</i></p>	<p>concession mostly or contract</p>
<p><i>- Financial flows implicated</i></p>	<p>mixed capital (public and private, the latter has a higher proportion)</p>
<p><i>- Involvement of external technical support</i></p>	<p>usually on private partner side, the portion depending on the nature of the project</p>
<p><i>- Long-term effects</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ increased efficiency of spending, ➤ better quality of public services, ➤ a way to finance needed investment projects in public interest.